

# THE CLIO STAR.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1 IN ADVANCE.  
ON SHORT CREDIT, 12¢ A MONTH.

REPRESENTING  
A THRIVING COMMUNITY.

CLIO, MICH.: SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1893.

A LIVE NEWSPAPER  
IS INDICATIVE OF A LIVE TOWN.

No. 644.



ARBELA.

Mrs. Samuel Ash is better this week.  
Mrs. Emma Hall is on the sick list this week.

Mr. Joseph Hunt is able to be out a little again.

A good rain on Monday has started the grass nicely.

Mrs. C. A. Ayliffe is home again after a protracted absence.

Fred Reynolds will stay in Arbelia during the coming summer.

Hiram Monroe has traded his colts for a span of good work horses.

James Carey is moving this week. He will occupy one of Watson Murphy's houses.

There was a party at J. J. Powell's Friday night and 160 young people were in attendance, with about 55 rigs. Everything passed off quietly. An oyster supper was served.

O. A. Kent departed this life on Tuesday evening, after a long, tedious illness. The funeral will be held at the house Friday afternoon at one o'clock, Rev. J. F. Emerick, officiating. The bereaved family have the sympathy of the community in their affliction.

Town meeting was well attended, nearly a full vote being polled despite the unpropitious morning. The Republican ticket was elected throughout, there being a majority on the straight tickets alone of 20 in their favor. The following are the successful candidates:

Supervisor, E. E. Gurney; clerk, Ira Hosler; treasurer, A. M. Squires; highway com., Wm. Atkin; justice, Wm. Tinglan; school inspector, James Crosby; board of review, Joseph Carl; constables, Madison Murphy, Leslie York, James Dennis, Henry Barry.

BURT.

The People's ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 36 to 85, and the village was full of people at night having a general rejoicing. An anvil was fired and cheering followed each report.

A little child of Herbert Spencer, near Verne, aged about two years, died Tuesday morning at 3 o'clock of inflammation of the lungs. Rev. M. Karr preached the funeral sermon at the residence Wednesday.

Edmund Chatfield (Indian) buried their baby on Sunday last. Rev. T. J. Burt, the Leelanau Mission preacher, conducted the services. He also attended another funeral among the Indians Tuesday.

Leah Karr gave a birthday party to her little friends on Monday night, it being her 13th birthday. They were treated to warm sugar and had a grand good time.

A. H. Chambers left here Tuesday for Virginia, and if he can suit himself with a location will move his family there.

Miss Edith Sever has resigned her school here, being unable on account of sickness to come back.

J. M. Cole, a reformed criminal, lectures at the opera house on Sunday evening next.

Gardner Rivers is having a siege with the mumps.

Mrs. James Ross is on the gain.

WEST FOREST.

The Ladies' Aid will give a maple sugar social at the house of J. C. Brandt next Tuesday evening the eleventh of April. An invitation is extended to everybody, the proceeds to be applied on the church debt.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Ridley on the same day attended church with her sister, Mrs. George Ferguson, and family, and after church were the guests of Eliza Jones till about 10 o'clock in the evening.

Later Mr. McClellan is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Alex. McClellan has commenced hewing the timbers for his new barn. He met with an accident last week, having his right hand badly crushed while unloading lumber.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Crossman of Richfield spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Ezra Simmons, and family, and attended church with them.

John Flite of Otter Lake, having hired to J. B. Jones for the season, began work last Monday.

Mrs. John Frye is no better but is confined to her bed with little hopes of recovery.

John Patterson and Irving Beebe have gone out south and east of Flint to work.

Gertie Powles is visiting her brother Fred and family a few days.

EAST MONTROSE.

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Stout of West Vienna gave a social at their home last Wednesday evening. It was well attended. The receipts were \$9.50, which was given to the West Vienna church. The ladies of the church wish to thank the young gentlemen of that neighborhood for their kindness and benevolence in assisting at the different socials during the past season.

Nathan Goodyear of Durand made a short visit to his old home in this place last week. His many friends gave him a warm greeting.

There was a general turning-out to town meeting Monday.

The ladies in East Montrose will have

a prayer meeting at their different homes every Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Needham is delayed in moving to his new home by the washing away of bridge near Flint.

FARRANDVILLE.

Rev. H. Ranney visited at Reese Saturday and Sunday, returning on Monday. He reports that Rev. Morton Pettinger is not dead, as was reported a week ago, but that he is a very sick man.

Miss Edith Suay returned home Tuesday from Marion township, Saginaw county, where she had been visiting relatives for the past seven weeks.

Norman Plew, who has been a clerk in a store at Saginaw, east side, for several months, spent Sunday last visiting his parents here.

A great talker never wants for enemies. A man of sense talks little and listens much.

D. Greenly is moving the east wing of his house to the south side of it for a kitchen.

Preaching in the Diamond school house next Sunday, at 2:30, by Rev. Covell.

Mrs. Rosa Cole went to Saginaw on business Tuesday last.

School commenced in the Diamond district last Monday.

BLACKMAR.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cassady is home from Bay City.

Miss Hortense Judge is able to walk around a little.

Robert Getty is moving on C. V. D. Blackmar's farm.

Miss Mary Owens attended the teachers' examination at Saginaw last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Letterman rejoice over the arrival of a little daughter in their home.

Rev. Mr. Crips of Bridgeport, Cong'l minister, will preach at Blackmar's school house on Wednesday evening, April 12th, at 7 o'clock.

Among the visitors to this place and vicinity were: Mr. Walsh and Mr. George O'Leary of Shigbaw, Charles Nerette of Chicago, Miss Clock of Tuscola and Charles Barger of Bridgeport.

BRIDGEPORT.

The Republican candidates were successful Monday, excepting highway commissioner. Successful candidates, with their majorities over the Democratic are:

Supervisor—Andrew Stazy, 115.  
Clerk—William Y. Baum, 90.

Treasurer—Frederick Leidlein, 94.

Highway Com.—John Hummel, 22.

Drain Com.—Henry Schulz, 69.

Justice—Nehemiah Weston, 68.

School Inspector—E. W. Morey, 68.

Mem. Bd. of Review—Wm. Cook, 68.

Constables—Herbert Myers, 71.

Charles Curtis 76; Thomas Wilcockson 68; John Graham 72.

David O'Dell died of consumption Tuesday morning about 2 o'clock. Deceased carried a policy of \$1,000 in the K. O. T. Ms.

EAST BIRCH RUN.

One of Barney Butler's children is quite sick.

Helen Campbell has returned to school at Valparaiso.

Farmers are busy repairing and building new fences.

Leonard Alger is engaged to teach the Butler school this summer, commencing April 17th.

Samuel Morse and his sister Phoebe have gone to York state to visit their aunt, and expect to be gone all summer.

NONE WORTHY TO BE SECOND.

What an Englishman Said to the Queen About a Winning American Yacht.

Since the great victory of the American yacht Volunteer over the Thistle five years ago there has been no race for the America's cup, but the prospects for another contest next summer are now very encouraging. It is, says the Omaha Bee, peculiarly fitting that the contests should be resumed during the year of the great Columbian fair, when there will be millions of people here from abroad. Ever since the famous schooner yacht America won the trophy in English waters in 1861 the supremacy of this country in the designing and building of fast sailing craft has been maintained. Year after year, with true British persistency, have the English tried in vain to regain the cup and thus establish their superiority in the science of naval architecture—for upon this point alone have they been beaten.

The American, your majesty," was the reply.

"And which is second?" she asked.

"There is no second, your majesty," was the significant answer.

And this was practically true, for the American flyer had left her competitor, so far behind that they were hardly in sight when she finished.

There is a practical side to this international yacht racing. It not only stimulates a nautical spirit that is not without its uses, but it also encourages the study of a science that is of real importance. It has had much to do with the development of naval designing in this country and will yet do more.



## A Trial Effects a Trade.

That's the natural result when any one tries on one of our late style HATS.

They are so neat and so very becoming that few are able to resist wearing one away.

## They are the Best in Quality

nobably trimmed, and shaped so beautifully, that "to each face they add a grace" not noticed there before.

Have you seen the latest thing in HATS? They are awfully fetching. Drop in and see how you look in one of them. You can not afford to be out of style you know, even if you have to buy two hats in one season.

## CRAWFORD & WRIGHT, FLINT, MICH.

## DECKER'S.

Have you tried our Breakfast Food, Rolled Wheat?

TRY A PACKAGE.

## For the Best of Goods

At the Lowest Possible Prices,

Trade with F. W. DECKER.

Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gents' Furnishings, Groceries, etc.

## Always Busy

At

## HUYCK & CONLEE'S.

Our Trade Is Increasing Every Day!

Why?

BECAUSE We have a Large Stock! Complete Assortment and the Right Prices!

REMEMBER,

We do no blowing about wonderfully low prices, but leave that for our customers to judge. You are always cordially invited to inspect our stock and have our prices quoted you. We have many NEW GOODS in all lines to show

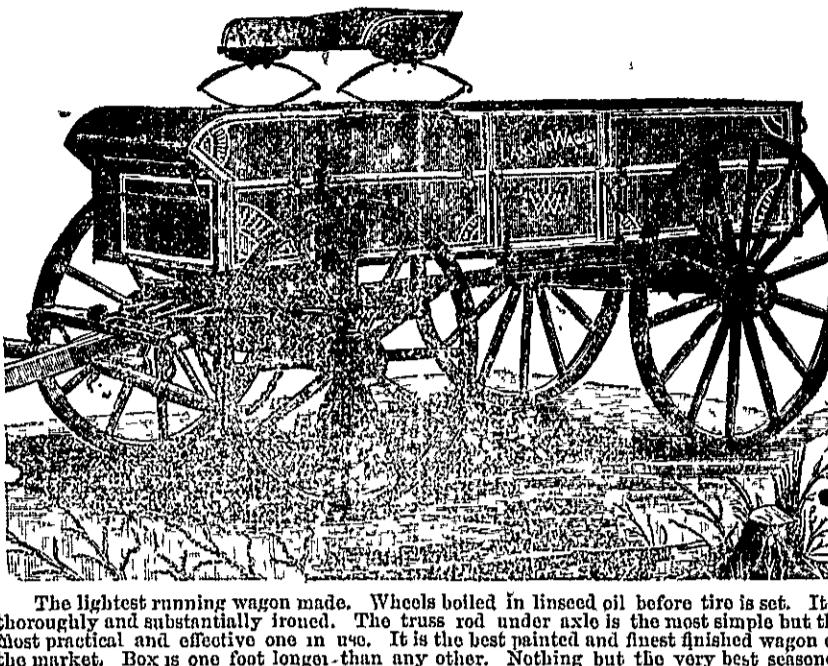
you. Come and see us.

Drugs, Paints, School Books, Furniture, Wall Paper, Curtain Poles, Stationery, Oils, School Supplies, Crockery, Curtains, Fixtures, Trunks, Satchels, Baby Carriages, Undertaking, etc.

Yours Respectfully,

HUYCK & CONLEE.

## THE LANSING WAGON.



The lightest running wagon made. Wheels bolted in linseed oil before tire is set. It is thoroughly and uniformly bronzed. There is a wide under axle to the front example but the front projection is effective and inconspicuous. It is the best constructed and finished wagon on the market. Box is one foot longer than any other. Nothing but the very best selected timber is used in its construction, and every wagon is fully warranted against defects in material or workmanship.

Sold only at Mann's Hardware, Clio.

We also have a larger stock and lower prices in our many different lines than ever before.

We Have Hardware, Stoves and Tinware. Sash and Doors. Farm Tools of all kinds. Buggies, Wagons and Carts. Hand Made Harness & Harness Supplies. Well Pipe, Pumps, Points, Well Supplies.

And don't forget that we sell and put up the best all steel Windmill and Tower on the market.

In our Tinshop we are headquarters for everything in the line of Tin, Sheet Iron or Copper Work, Plumbing, etc., at the lowest living prices. Yours for Business,

C. H. MANN, Clio, Mich.

This is far superior to the Davison Washer. Call and see them and take one on trial.



## THE UNITED STATES Washing Machine

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

THE DAVISON CO., LTD.,

THE BEST WASHER IN THE MARKET

No Nails or Screws are used in its construction, the parts being riveted and held together with steel rods, so adjusted as to take up any shrinkage, making it the most durable machine made. No sheet iron to rust, no cogs or costly parts to break or wear out.

Agents Wanted Everywhere

Send for Circulars and Price Lists with Full Description.

FOR SALE BY

## Our New Spring Stock,

CONSISTING OF

Bentwood, Buckeye, Barrel and Dash Chairs. Posthole Diggers of all kinds. Barb and Plain Fence Wire. Sash, Doors, Building Paper, and Builders' Supplies, all kinds. Full Line Single and Double Harness, hand made, warranted. Factory Milk Cans, Cream Setting Cans. Milk Pans, Milk Pails, etc., etc.

## WE ARE HEADQUARTERS AND SOLE AGENT FOR.

Jackson Wagons, Pontiac Buggies and Road Carts. Champion Binders and Mowers, Keystone Disc Harrows, Wilder's Steel Land Rollers, American and Milford Riding Cultivators, Rock Island Hay Loaders, Wiard and Oliver Plows, Steel Whiffletrees (a novelty), Reliable Generating and Process Vapor Stoves.

We have the best line of Farming Implements in town.

No trouble to show goods. Call and examine goods and low prices.

G.

# THE CLIO STAR.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.

T. W. SMITHSON & CO., Publishers.

WHEN a police court attorney stole some bolts of cloth and was detected, he tried to have the matter regarded as a joke. This would be a pleasant way to look at it, and if the people could be induced to view similar escapades as purely jocular, there would be fewer people in San Quentin. Dispassionate advice to the humorous attorney would be to drop the joke pie and hunt up a technicality.

A TURBULENT gentleman in Madrid was surprised in the act of making a bomb designed for social reformation. He dropped the bomb, which exploded, spraying him against adjacent circumstance. As his friends scraped him from the ceiling they could but wonder if for one fleeting instant the deceased had not realized, and found comfort therein, that the bomb was a good one, and that to the extent of its ability, society was being reformed.

WHATEVER wrecks of reputation may be strewn along the course of the Panama canal scandal it is evident that the French people do not propose to open the doors to sedition, anarchy or despotism because of the proved dereliction of a few public men. The strong and overwhelming vote of confidence in the government which passed the senate recently is a death blow to the hopes of agitators who are seeking to displace the existing order of things at Paris.

LONDON afternoon newspaper publishers are experimenting on a tint of paper which shall be best adapted to the eyes of their readers in smoky London, where in the dark atmosphere of the great city, under artificial light, white always looks like a dirty gray. A light tint of green under an electric lamp is said to best suit the demands, but the trouble is electricity as an illuminant is not sufficiently common in London to warrant the adoption of green. A pale yellow is said to be better than a dead white, and manilla paper comes near answering to this description.

AN IDEA of the cost of sending the boys to college can be gathered from a canvass recently made of more than 200 students of Wesleyan university at Middletown, Conn. The highest expense last year of any one in the senior class was \$1,000, the lowest \$261, and the average for the whole class \$426. For the juniors the highest was \$90, the lowest \$240, and the average \$117. The most expensive man in the sophomore class spent \$1,100 and the most economical \$255, the average being \$851. The average of the college ladies was \$350, and of the whole college \$407.50.

THE monkey language enthusiast, Garner, claims that he has a chimpanzee that can say in a Maori dialect "Good day, stranger;" a gorilla that can repeat about twenty Fijian words, and an orang that can say "donkey and blitzen." Professor Garner says in monkey language "kukucha" is water, rain, cold, or anything not agreeable; "chosku" food or act of eating, etc. What "wipe off your chin" or "pull down your vest," or "going to wear hoop-skirts" or "talking through your hat," or "what's trumps" etc., does not appear as yet. That will all come in time, of course.

THE MEEKNESS with which the passengers in a crowded street car will allow themselves to be shut up tightly in a car without chance of ventilation except the occasional opening of a door is one of the marvels of public travel. It is often the case that fifty or sixty people are thus penned up, and no one asks for or attempts to secure a supply of pure air, no matter how vitiated the air inside may have become. A delay of two or three minutes arouses everybody in the car, and there is a general eagerness to ascertain the cause, but, cubic yards of impure air will be inhaled by each one without a murmur. Such conditions are breeders of disease, and ought to be carefully avoided.

THE INVENTION of methods of making paper from wood pulp has perhaps done more than any other one thing to cheapen newspapers, and thus diffuse popular information. The invention is due to a poor weaver in Saxony, who in 1814 got the hint from watching wasps make their cells from paper manufactured from wood pulp by themselves. After working for years to perfect his invention lack of means compelled him to sell it for a trifling sum. Last year, however, the European manufacturers who have grown wealthy by using his idea sent him \$800. Several Americans have been made millionaires by this invention. Some of them ought to remember the man who made it possible for them to accumulate their millions. It would be strange though if they did.

WHEN an American city undertakes to raise a fund for any purpose it is not long about it. The Bostonians have been obliged to request the people to quit sending in money for the Phillips Brooks fund, it having already reached \$80,000. How different it is in poor and squalid places like New York.

THE CITY of Washington is supposed to have taken in \$2,500,000 from visitors to the inauguration. And this does not include doctors' bills and the cost of cough medicines.

## THEY PROTECT MAILS.

### THE DUTIES OF THE POSTOFFICE INSPECTOR EXPLAINED.

The Famous Officer in Charge of the Philadelphia Division—How Mail Robbers Great and Small Are Unraveled.

[Philadelphia Correspondence.]

**N**THE DAYS when the immortal "Yuba Bill" drove his stage, which always contained the mysterious female, the loquacious Judge and the gentlemanly gambler, over the California trails, mail robbing was one of the most flourishing industries in the West. The highwaymen were in many cases numbered among the prominent citizens and were often the most sought-after men in the community. They were painted in glowing colors clothed in romance by the writers of the day, whose readers could not but sympathize with the daring bandits, those brave men who risked their lives in their illegal games for big stakes.

The number of stage robberies that took place before railroad communication was established with the East is almost incredible. The bandits were everywhere, and the cry of "hands up" echoed from every mountain pass. So daring did their depredations become that armed messengers had to accompany the mail stages. Hot fights ensued, and many a brave man gave up his life in their defense. The sums amounted to thousands of dollars, as the mail was used in those days as a medium of exchange between the banks. When the railroad superseded the stage, the robbers changed their field of operation from the mountain to the prairie.

They usually boarded a train at some lonely water station and, after capturing the engine, proceeded to rifle the mail pouches and possess themselves of the jewelry and money of the passengers. The most noted train robbers were the James boys, who, on one occasion, held up the Iron Mountain express at Gadd's Hill, Mo., unassisted and stole a fortune. Then came the Daltons, who thought no more of riding into a town and breaking open a post office than they did of cracking a nut.

But it is not generally known that the money lost each year by stage and train robberies did not equal by many thousands the total sum stolen from the government by petty thieves. The General, while inspector of the Southwestern division, had many a brush with mail robbers of the old type and was one of the men detailed to work up the Godd's Hill robbery. On one occasion, while straightening out the money order departments of several postoffices in Texas that were behind in their remittances, he narrowly escaped being robbed himself by a gang of highwaymen who lay in wait for the Fort Worth stage, upon which he was a passenger. The stage was warned in time to put back to the Fort and save the five thousand dollars of government money Gen. Edgerton had collected.

Mr. Griggs, whose portrait is also given, is considered one of the cleverest postal detectives in the service. It was through his instrumentality that the prodigious frauds of the Quaker City Lumber Company were exposed and the sharers brought to justice.

Florida sent a registered letter to her son in this city, who on receiving it declared that it had been opened and \$40 taken out. His mother backed him up in his statements.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak the truth. Then she broke down and confessed that it was \$4 instead of \$40, she had registered.

"The case was a troublesome one. It was evident that the woman was lying, but this was difficult to prove. At last she was taken before a notary and thoroughly frightened by the grim inspector, who solemnly assured her that she would be imprisoned for life if she did not speak



**My Old Canteen.**  
My old canteen hangs high and dry  
Upon the parlor wall;  
It's all fixed up with ribbons so  
It don't look right at all.  
My daughter thought 'twould look so "cute"  
To bronze and paint it up,  
To make it fit for my old lips  
From time to take a sup.  
But then, I like to humor her whims;  
And she has such handy hands,  
And I haven't needed the old canteen  
Since I came from "Dixieland."  
And I hope to God that never again  
Will such things have to be,  
To mar the love and break the peace  
Of this land of liberty.

**Pardon.**

One day when Napoleon and the Empress Josephine were driving together, the Emperor teased little dog which Josephine held in her lap until she took pity on the distracted little creature, and tried to attract the Emperor's attention to something else. The slight incident had important consequences for one of Napoleon's soldiers. The Emperor said:

"Do you see, they seem to be putting up a notice that some of your property is to let? You had better investigate the matter than be teasing my little dog."

She pointed to a prison, against the walls of which appeared a singular white placard. It was hung from a window, and was first slowly lowered and then raised again;

"I will investigate it," said the Emperor, and he sent one of his guard to the prison. When the man returned, the Emperor received his information in a whisper, saying that Josephine's curiosity should not be satisfied, because she had scolded him for teasing her dog. His only comment was, "Bring the man to me."

The next day an old soldier was brought before the Emperor. He it was who, having been put in prison for some offence, had attracted the Empress's attention by hanging from the window a card on which was written the one word: "Grace"—pardon.

"What pity for a brave fellow like you to have to be put in prison! If I should pardon you, would you do better?" said the Emperor. The man promised earnestly that he would. "Is he a good comrade?" asked Napoleon.

"Yes, yes!" was the response from all sides.

"Where did you earn the cross?"

"At Austerlitz." Not long afterward Josephine was pleased to learn that, thanks to her sharp eyes, the old soldier who had attracted the Emperor's attention had seen the Emperor, and had been pardoned.

**Photographing an Army.**

A French photographer lately invented a process by which a bit of ordinary paper—the leaf of a book, for example—can be made sensitive to the light without affecting the rest of the page. Acting on this hint, the French War Minister has begun to take portraits of conscripts and recruits on the paper which gives their height, complexion, age, and the cheapness and swiftness of the operation, which is already in use in the French army, is something remarkable. It costs only one cent to get two copies of a portrait of Jacques Bonhomme—one for his individual register and the other for his muster roll; and so rapid is the process that in a few hours a whole regiment can be photographed. The soldiers file along, one by one, and each sits for three seconds in the photographic chair, and the thing is done. They even mark the man's regimental number on his breast with chalk, and thus get a complete identification of him in case of desertion or death.

**Monotonous.**

An amusing instance of a frequent recurrence of the surname Smith among the soldiers of the civil war is given in Bierce's "United States Sharp-shooters." A stranger lieutenant, requiring a detail of ten men for special duty, called on a certain company and took their names. The men were in line at attention when the officer began at the end of the column.

"What's your name?" he asked.  
"Smith."  
"And what is yours?" to the next man.

"Smith."  
They were put on the list as Smith 1, Smith 2, Smith 3.

"Well, what's yours?"  
"Smith," replied number three.

The officer looked queer, and grumbled something about the peculiarity of the thing.

"What may I call your name?" to the next.

"Smith."  
"Your name?" to the fifth.  
"Smith."

The Lieutenant's face was getting red. He looked the men over and said sternly:

"What do you mean?"  
But it was no joke. The detail stood firm, like so many statues, and the officer proceeded.

"What on earth is your name?" he demanded.

"Smith," came the monosyllabic answer from number six.

The officer fairly jumped. Then he

stormed and fumed, and wanted to know if every man in the company was named Smith. By this time a crowd had gathered, and the officer began to cool down. The list must be made, so he hurried through.

"Your name?" to the next.  
"Smith."  
"And yours?"  
"Smith."  
"And next?"  
"Smith."

The officer was again becoming furious, and the crowd was laughing boisterously.

"Well, is your name Smith?" the Lieutenant demanded of the tenth man.

"My name is Brown," replied the soldier.

**Punctual Indian.**

Mathias Splitlog, chief of the Wyandottes, lives in Kansas, and according to a writer in Harper's Young People, is known to be worth about a million dollars. He is supposed to be the richest Indian in America. He can neither read nor write, but by his native shrewdness has acquired large tracts of land in Kansas and Missouri, as well as houses and lots in Kansas City.

Some white men were negotiating with him for the purchase of a certain lot of land. The price was finally agreed upon, \$140,000, and they were to meet him at a certain bank in Kansas City at 10 o'clock. There and then the money was to be paid and the papers signed.

On the appointed morning old Mathias entered the bank a few minutes before the hour, and took a seat with his eye upon the clock. The minute hand reached twelve and the clock began to strike. The Indian rose, and at the last stroke he walked out of the building.

He had gone only a block or two before he met the capitalists hurrying to keep their appointment. They begged him to return, but he refused. If they wished to deal with him, he would meet them at the bank the next day at 10 o'clock.

That time the white men were on hand; but when they offered the Indian the price agreed upon for the land, he declined to take it. The one hundred and forty thousand dollars was yesterday's price. To-day they might have the property for one hundred and sixty thousand dollars. Talking was useless, and they paid the additional twenty thousand dollars.

It was a dear lesson in punctuality.

**To Purchase Valley Forge.**

There is a bill pending before the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the acquisition of Washington's old camping ground at Valley Forge, and the matter is one of timely interest when the natal day of the great soldier and patriot is being observed. The measure contemplates the appropriation of 25 acres of the land as a public park which will also be utilized for the annual encampment of the State troops.

The purchase is to be made by a commission acting in conjunction with the proper court, and the grounds are to be fitted up in accordance with the most desirable plans submitted in a competitive way.

The power of a State to purchase grounds for ornamental purposes or in response to a sentiment however worthy is one that should be exercised under the most careful restrictions; but the associations that come with the name of Valley Forge are of the most inspiring and patriotic character. No spot is more sacred in its character of the most important revolutionary struggle that history has ever recorded. The thrilling story of Valley Forge presents in its strongest light the undaunted courage that defied the suffering of cold and hunger and triumphed over discouragements and adversities which would have vanquished men who had not unswayed staked their lives in the unequal contest for liberty. It was those exalted qualities of patriotism that crowned the arms of our forefathers with success. Their achievements stand as an imperishable monument; but prosperity should not withhold its tribute when opportunity like this is presented, and it is to be hoped that Pennsylvania will carry out her worthy scheme.

**Waylaid.**

Capt. Bendir, a well-known ornithologist, was riding along the banks of Killito Creek, Ariz., when he saw a big black hawk. He followed the flying bird and at length came up with it, perched on a limb of a tall cottonwood tree. The mate of the hawk which the Captain had been following was sitting on the nest.

Hoing to secure a trophy, Capt. Bendir climbed up to the nest, in which he found a single pale-blue egg. The parent birds circled around, manifesting their anger at the intrusion by shrill screams, but the Captain took the egg. He put it in his mouth for safe keeping, as he required both hands for descent.

Suddenly from his elevated perch he caught sight of several Apache Indians crouched in a small canon about eighty yards distant. They were evidently watching him.

He was aware to his danger in an instant, but he manifested no signs of alarm and descended to the ground in a leisurely manner. Had the Indians perceived that they were discovered, they would have been waiting for the egg-hunter at the foot of the tree.

As it was, the captain reached the ground, mounted his horse and started on a gallop for the camp five miles distant.

In a moment the Apaches broke cover and pursued. They chased him nearly to the camp, but he reached it in safety—the egg still in his mouth. It was unbroken. Owing to its large size, the captain had difficulty in removing it from his mouth without injuring it. His jaws ached for some time afterward.

**ROBERT BURNS.**

Thought Scotland boasts a thousand names  
Of nations, like us, of them all  
The noblest, grandest of them all  
We loved and cradled hero.  
Here lived the gentle peasant prince,  
The loving, after like.  
Came forth, like, the greatest  
Is but a tit tit.  
It's a cot roofed in with straw  
A bowl made of clay;  
Our door stands out in the snow and  
One is always in the day.  
And yet I stand within this room,  
And hold all thrones in scorn:  
For here beneath that joyful that  
I have no place to call my own.  
Within this is a cloud but I feel  
Like one who hangs a shrine,  
Whom the glad lips at last have touched  
And here the world is dead divine.  
As long as day returns—  
The tribute of its love and tears  
Will pay to Robert Burns.

—Robert G. Ingersoll.

**WILLIAM THE MYSTERY.**

We called him William, just as we might have called a stray cat "Tom," and no stray cat was ever adopted into a family with less ceremony than was William into our home at North Farms, a suburb of a large manufacturing town in New England. He made his first appearance when I was but 10 years old, and I remember the day of his advent distinctly. It was late in December and the snow was piled up in the roads to such a depth that travel was almost impossible. The mercury was at zero and the cold wind sang shrill among the bare branches of the apple trees, threatening another storm. It was nearly shore time, and while mother was lighting the lanterns and getting the milk pails ready father, wrapped in his great coat, was grumbling at the weather and warming his buckskin mittens preparatory to starting for the stables. Suddenly there came a timid knock at the door, and in answer to father's gruff "come in" it opened and there stood William. His shivering form was scantly clad and his face and hands were pinched and blue with cold. He was truly a pitiful figure.

"I am freezing and have had nothing to eat to-day," he said. "Give me some food and let me get warm. I have no money, but I can work if you have anything to do."

His voice was soft, and although a French accent was plainly distinguishable, his tones were distinct and not unpleasant to the ear. I knew that father was particularly averse to tramps and glanced up at him expecting to hear his usual "Bo off with you," but to my surprise he said in a tone even more gentle than that which he usually affected in speaking to the members of his own family "Sit down."

With a simple thank you the poor fellow drew up a chair and spread his benumbed fingers before the blaze. While he was seated we all examined him closely, but he seemed utterly unconscious of our scrutiny and never moved his eyes from the fire until mother brought in some bread and milk and cold meat. "He was a little, wiry-looking man, whose face was tanned by the sun and wind to the shade of a russet apple. His features were small, but regular, and with the exception of a closely trimmed mustache, he was cleanly shaven. There was no touch of gray in his black hair, but an inexplicable baldness about the crown of his well-shaped head and the immovable wrinkles which seemed his tanned cheeks and forehead showed that he was on the wrong side of 40. His eyes were small and deeply set in his head, but they sparkled like gems, and at times were as lustrous, soft and expressive as a woman's. He ate the food which was placed before him ravenously, but when he had finished he arose and said: "I can work now."

Without more ado father led the way to the barn and it was there William began his silent conquest of the family. He miled well, ground the stalks for the cattle, littered the stalls and fed the calves as if doing chores had been his vocation from childhood. It was after 7 o'clock when the work was finished. The darkness was intense. The storm which had been threatening all day had set in and the snow was falling heavily. Our farm was over five miles from town, and, of course, there was no question of William resuming his journey that night. Supper was ready and when mother had set the milk we all sat down to the table. William spoke never a word during the meal and father was unusually silent. When we had finished he turned to the stranger and said:

"Where are you going?"  
"I don't know," replied William with an expressive shrug of his thin shoulders. "I am looking for work."

For a few moments there was silence. Then father said in his slow way: "I want a man. Would you care to stay? I will pay you fair wages, and the work, particularly in the winter, is not hard."

William leaned forward eagerly. "You will let me work for you," he said huskily. "How kind you are," and as he spoke I noticed something glisten on his brown cheeks like diamonds, but as brilliant were not.

He was aware to his danger in an instant, but he manifested no signs of alarm and descended to the ground in a leisurely manner. Had the Indians perceived that they were discovered, they would have been waiting for the egg-hunter at the foot of the tree.

As it was, the captain reached the ground, mounted his horse and started on a gallop for the camp five miles distant.

And so he became a member of our household and within a month was looked upon as one of the family. He was a man of few words, but in the brief periods in which he forsook his reticence we found him an interesting talker and a man of considerable education. He was the most conscientious worker I ever saw. No task was too hard for him, and he never left off until he had accomplished it. He was perfectly familiar with farming, and could prune a tree or mow a swath with the best man in the township. Aside from the work he did in the fields he was of great value, as he could do almost anything with tools. He was a carpenter, a blacksmith, a mason, and, in

fact, a master of all trades. He was a model of order, and in the eyes of my father, who was constantly singing his praises, the embodiment of all the virtues. He was also no less in favor with the feminine side of the household, and was as handy in the kitchen as he was in the stable. Mother declared that he could make butter better than any hired girl she ever had, and to show her appreciation of his talents allowed him to do all the churning. There was never a dull knife or broken door-latch in the house from the time he made his appearance.

But he was held in high esteem by the other members of the family. He was idolized by my brother and myself. He told us the drollest stories, taught us the finest games and made us any quantity of bows and arrows and fishing rods and was never tired of trying to please and amuse us. Once, when we were seated at dinner, I remember saying to him: "I believe you could make money if you wanted to, William."

He gave a peculiar little laugh and replied: "Ah, mon petit; if I could it should be all for you." And I believed him.

He slept in the tool house, a little building adjoining the stables. He said he preferred it because he could hear the cattle champing in their stalls at night. He always made his own bed and I do not think that during the whole time that he lived with anyone entered his room. I remember that often on nights when I could not sleep, having seen his light shine out from behind the blanket he always hung up as a curtain until far in the morning. Once I asked him what he was doing at such an hour. "Ah, Mon Dieu; I was only reading." Indeed when he was not working he was always devouring the papers or any bit of literature he could lay hands upon.

William's only fault, if it may be so termed, was a love of absinthe. None of us ever saw him drink it, or even noticed the effect of it on him, but he frankly confessed that he was a slave to the habit and could not exist without it. Long and patiently did mother labor with him on the subject, but he was obstinate, and one morning at prayers when she instigated a clause for his "deliverance from the thralldom of rum" I looked up and caught an odd twinkle in his eye, which was not in keeping with the situation. Father looked upon William's weakness more philosophically. "The man is never drunk and is old enough to know his own mind. Let him have his confounded French cider," he argued. Every month he would walk into town to purchase his favorite tipple. He always went on the same day and at the same hour, and was always gone about the same length of time. I noticed that when he started for town I always carried a bundle, and when I asked what was in it he replied: "The bottle, mon cher," "Give me some food and let me get warm. I have no money, but I can work if you have anything to do."

With a simple thank you the poor fellow drew up a chair and spread his benumbed fingers before the blaze. While he was seated we all examined him closely, but he seemed utterly unconscious of our scrutiny and never moved his eyes from the fire until mother brought in some bread and milk and cold meat.

During the five years he lived with us his mode of life never varied. He never received any letters and never spoke of having any friends in the country. He left us with as little ceremony as signalized his advent.

One morning he failed to appear at breakfast and when I went to call him I found his door open and his bed undisturbed. He had left without a sign or a word of farewell to the people who had almost grown to love him. Father thought he might possibly have gone to town for absinthe and drove in to look for him, but strange to say he could not find a tavern keeper who had ever seen him or sold him a drop, of any kind of liquor. While my father was away I went to William's room again. It was scrupulously clean and his working clothes were hanging in order upon the walls. As I was leaving something bright caught my eye and on picking it up I found that it was a tiny piece of lead which must have been dropped when it was hot, for there was a burn on the floor where I took it from. I found other particles of metal and noticed other burns on the floor, but only thought William had spilled some solder while mending some of mother's tinware. Perhaps I was right; but what matters, we never saw him again, and had it not been for the merest chance I might never have known who he was. My parents never did know more of him.

About two years ago, while working as reporter on a morning newspaper, I had occasion to visit that gruesome exhibit the rogues' gallery. The pictures proved singularly fascinating to me and I spent several hours in the corridors, whose walls were hung with the portraits of the most celebrated criminals of the country. Men of all ages and conditions are there, from the hardened murderer, whose face is seamed and contorted by expressions of greed and craft, to the youthful forger upon whose features the imprint of the contaminating kiss of crime is scarcely discernible. I had satisfied my curiosity and was about to leave when a picture caught my eye, about which there was something strangely familiar. I examined it closely. There was no room for doubt. It was the face of William, our family jewel. Against the number in the catalogue which corresponded with that at the bottom of the picture I read the words:

"JEAN MARTINE, counterfeiter. Escaped from New Haven jail, December 17, 1880.

But he will always be William to me.—Philadelphia Times.

## If You Want The Best

ALTHOUGH you may have had good luck with but few failures in making cake and biscuit in the old-fashioned way with soda and sour milk, or soda and cream of tartar, you will have better luck and (following directions) no failures with the Royal Baking Powder.

The truth of this must be evident when you remember that in the leading hotels and restaurants, and in the homes of our city cousins, where the latest and best methods are invariably employed, and where the most beautiful and dainty food is always set out for the guests, the Royal Baking Powder is exclusively used for all quickly risen food.

Royal Baking Powder never disappoints; never makes sour, soggy or husky food; never spoils good materials; never leaves lumps of alkali in the biscuit or cake; while all these things do happen with the best of cooks who cling to the old-fashioned methods, or who use other Baking Powders.

If you want the best food, Royal Baking Powder is indispensable.

**Bill Nye proposes to write a history of the United States.**

**The Baby is Cutting Teeth.**

**Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Han's Scouring Syrup for Children Teething.**

**Satan loves theology.**

</div



#### OTSVILLE.

Mrs. Sterling left town this week. She expects to live with her daughter at Belle River, Ont.

Hank Warren left here Tuesday for Minnesota, where he intends to make his home in the future.

The ladies' aid society did quite well at the sugar social election day, but did not sell as many meals as usual.

George Harris had his leg broken last Saturday. His team ran away, throwing him against a fence. Mrs. Harris and the two children were in the wagon but escaped injury.

#### WEST VIENNA.

Wm. Francisco is living in part of David Barrett's house until he gets a residence ready on the old Foot farm which he recently purchased.

Daniel Whaley comes back to the farm from Saginaw.

Charles Loveless started his plow on Tuesday, leading the neighborhood so far as known.

#### COUNTY LINE.

W. L. Rose was in Saginaw Saturday on business.

H. K. Rose of Montrose spent Sunday with his parents.

S. P. Heath had several sheep bitten by dogs one night last week.

Miss Bertha Lomber of Bridgeport spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. S. P. Heath was in Saginaw last week the guest of her son George.

Mrs. L. Wright of Bridgeport visited relatives in this vicinity last week.

#### NORTHWEST THETFORD.

Willard VanPatten is building a house.

Mr. Cooper from Flint has moved on his farm here.

Will Brown has rented Ted Mercer's farm for the summer.

A. J. Stevens, who has been on the sick list, is reported better.

John Kummer got badly poisoned while at work in the woods Saturday.

Charles Montle is sick; Ozias Boutwell is worse again, and Mrs. Philo Maxfield is in poor health.

Samuel Kummer has purchased a yearling colt of B. W. Deyo, and James Burr is the possessor of a fine new carriage.

#### MONROSE.

The result of the town election will be found on another page.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grady visited his parents at West Bay City recently.

A. Horning of this town and G. Horning of Tipton departed for Virginia Tuesday.

Frank Hogan, who has been spending the winter with Frederick Dunker, left Monday for the lakes.

Ethelia Lee will hold bible readings at the M. E. church every Sunday evening commencing at 7 o'clock.

Township meeting is past. It had its usual amount of war-whoops and brandishing of hatchets, but quiet has been restored, the war-paint washed off and the hatchet buried.

The town of Maple Grove went Republican on Monday from supervisor to constables by 1 to 20 majority. Such a result of election has not been known in that town for 15 years.

Notices of Meetings.

There will be a maple sugar social on Friday evening, April 14, at Birch Run, under the auspices of the Young People's society.

The Ladies of the Maccabees will meet at the Odd Fellows' hall at 2 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon.

New Advertisements.

Guy D. Morrison, stallion Starling, claims notice, Chas. Elders estate, DuBois & DuBois, patents.

George Aplin, house and lot for sale, W. R. Clements, Clear Grit Junior.

B. W. Deyo, farm implements, etc.

S. G. Brown, horses, &c., for sale.

Wm. Gibbons, special sales.

Levi Johnson, auction sale.

A Business Young Woman.

From the Slaughter (Wash.) Sun of March 30 we clip the following:

"Last Thursday Miss Mattie Garland purchased the stock of drugs and notions belonging to her brother, O. J., and known as the Pioneer drug store. Miss Mattie is a business young woman and we have no doubt she will do well."

It is also learned that Clare has bought an established drug business in Seattle and has taken up his residence in that city. The STAR wishes both young people abundant success.

#### LICENSED TO MARRY.

William L. Runnels and Jessie Young, Birch Run.

Bert Smith, Montrose, and Ettie Bowdon, Flushing.

William H. Moore, Taymouth, and May Edwards, Birch Run.

Clarence Slight, Grand Blanc, and Nellie Wright, Burton.

Herschel F. Countryman, Lennon, and Elizabeth McCracken, Clayton.

#### DEEDS RECORDED.

Lucy A. Wright to Joseph Carter, land on Pine street, Clio, \$400.

Wm. E. Woollett to Peter McNulty, land on section 8 Thetford, \$950.

Mary Scuton to Frank M. Curry, west half lot 2 block H, Clio, \$1,000.

Stephen W. Monk and wife to Mary E. Cowles, land in Mt. Morris village, \$300.

Frank Farrand and wife to Franklin Simmonds, 20 acres of section 36 Thetford, \$60.

Try Dullam's Great German 25 cent Cough Cure. For sale by E. E. Huyck.

Try Dullam's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40 in each package. At E. E. Huyck's

#### THE DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Ellen M. Braaten, Flint, aged 60 years.

Mrs. James Masterson, Grand Blanc, 70 years.

Erastus, son of W. J. Simpson, Flint, aged 6 years.

James, son of Patrick Melvin, Flint, aged 9 years.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Orval Howe, Flushing township.

Henry H. Howland, Mundy, in his 87th year. Four children survive him.

Mrs. Lyman Nash, Richfield, 61 years. She leaves a husband and a daughter.

Darius R. Stone, Flint, in his 93rd year. His aged wife and four children survive him.

Mrs. Thomas Fogarty, Flint, aged 51 years. Besides her husband she leaves six children, three sons and three daughters.

Ora A. Kent, who for years resided on section 36 Birch Run, died Tuesday evening at 8:30, of paralysis. He was a progressive farmer and a good citizen; was 55 years old, and leaves a wife, two sons and two daughters. The funeral will be held this (Friday) afternoon; service at the house at one o'clock, and interment at Pine Grove cemetery.

Echoes From Monday's Ballot Battle.

The total vote cast for Judge Durand in Genesee county on Monday was 3,914 and his plurality over Judge Hooker was 752, the latter's vote being 3,162. The Prohibition vote on justice of the supreme court in the county was 364 and that of the People 218. Wisner for circuit judge received 4,600 votes in Genesee county as against 2,967 for McCurdy. He carried Shiawassee county by a majority of 750 and his total majority in the two counties is 2,883. Ransom's majority over Terry for school commissioner is 551, he having received 4,028 votes as against 3,472 for his opponent.

The vote on regents of the university was as follows: Democratic, 3031; Republican, 3,787; Prohibition, 427; People's, 221; Republican plurality, 756. Flint Daily News.

Overseers of Highways.  
The following persons were named overseers of highways in their respective districts at town meeting: Road district No. 1, Wm. H. Sargent; 2, John Lock; 3, David A. Wing; 4, Fred M. Montague; 5, Hiram Eaton; 6, James R. Sissius; 7, Joseph Schofield; 8, Lafayette Roys; 9, Timothy Ryan; 10, Walter D. Bingham; 11, George Franklin; 12, E. M. Fuller; 13, George Paithorp; 14, John Stafford; 15, John Littlefield; 16, Fred Bortle; 17, Hugh Mulholland; 18, Charles Johnson; 19, N. A. Littlefield; 20, S. B. Bartholomew; 21, E. P. Colton; 22, James C. VanVleet; 23, Henry Laughlin; 24, William Scott; 25, Rufus Hatchley; 26, Ransom K. Rose; 27, C. B. Mann; 28, William D. Blackstone; 29, John Richards; 30, E. G. Rockafellow; 31, E. S. Tomkinson; 32, E. C. Jones; 33, S. N. Hurd.

Have You a Building  
You want moved? I am right in the business of house and barn moving this season, and have added to my equipment a set of trucks for moving light buildings long distances. I am also in the well business as usual. Persons desiring work in either line should see me before placing their order. I will be in Clio every Saturday afternoon, and orders left at C. C. Rice's will be promptly attended to.

S. G. Brown.

#### Twice Elected by One Vote.

Only one man was ever twice elected governor of an American state by a single vote, and he was Marcus Morton. The Boston Herald recalls the fact that he was not only elected by the people in 1830 by one vote, as is generally remembered, but that he was also elected by the legislature in 1813 by a single vote. He was a candidate twelve years in succession before his first election. After that election in 1810, he ran again, and was swamped by John Davis, who rode into office on the crest of the William Henry Harrison wave. In that year the whigs awoke the echoes with a campaign song which ran this way, to the tune of "Yankee Doodle":

Judge Morton now is governor—  
I'll tell you how was done, sir;  
They gave him all the spurious votes  
And squandered him in one, sir.

#### History from Bones.

The limestone caves of Malta contain the bones of various extinct species of elephant, hippopotamus, stag, tortoise and other animals. From the fact that many of these bones were gnawed it was inferred that some carnivorous brutes were contemporaries. John Cook has solved the mystery by finding in the far Dolan cave, on the eastern side of Malta, remains of the brown bear and a species of wolf.

#### KIRK.

Irate Father—Young man! I am enraged, sir, that you should seek to marry my daughter on so short an acquaintance. You are almost a stranger to her. Stubbs (firmly)—Well, she doesn't take any more chances than I do. She's almost a stranger to me, too.—Texas Siftings.

#### In Fine Fettle.

DeGarry—I'm going to have a little game of draw with Tom.

Merrit—Don't you do it. He must be one of the most expert players in town by this time. You see, his wife was away in the country all summer—Judge.

#### Sudden.

Sally—Ethel and I are so interested in you.

Jim—Kirk, certainly; but why?

Ethel—We had our fortunes told. One is to marry you, and the other is to be bridesmaid.—Life.

#### HAPPY HOME BLOOD PURIFIER and

HEALTH TONIC purifies the blood and makes homes happy. At Goodfellow's.

#### DR. WINFIELD'S TEETHING SYRUP

is the best for the general ailments of children. For sale by Goodfellow Brothers.

#### UNCLE SAM'S CONDITION POWDER

and UNCLE SAM'S NERVE and BONE LINIMENT, the best great medicines are sold by Goodfellow Brothers.

#### TRY DAYLIGHT PILLS for human illa-

ness. For sale by Goodfellow Brothers.

#### IN THE COUNTY.

A postoffice has been established at Delsay.

It has cost Genesee county \$791.94 to support its insane inmates of the Pontiac asylum.

Coal creek bridge in Flushing township is again passable, having been temporarily repaired.

The Flint Congregational society have engaged Rev. A. M. Hyde of Oberlin, O., to preach for them for six months.

Loren B. Case pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery, preferred by H. C. Spencer, in the circuit court Tuesday.

Ex-Supervisor Shanahan of Montrose has contracted to furnish sixty-three carloads of square timber for Bay City firm.

Fred Moore's farm residence in Clayton burned Tuesday, fire catching in the roof from the stovepipe. But few of the contents were saved.

The high school building at Flint was entered Sunday night and everything movable was turned topsy-turvy and scattered about the rooms.

The board of pension examiners a few days ago received an order from the pension department at Washington to examine the late Sumner Howard on his application for a pension. Mr. Howard had been dead for two years.

A lamp that had been left burning at the residence of A. M. Felt in Mt. Morris township on Thursday night exploded without awakening any of the family. The spread was burned off the table on which the lamp stood, the table itself scorched and a hole was burned in the carpet on the floor, but the fire went out itself before being discovered. Flushing Observer.

Tommy Foster was arrested at Flint Tuesday charged with entering Bassett's hide and leather store the previous night and stealing \$110 in cash and notes. When searched nearly \$60 was found secreted about his person. He denied having stolen the money; but proposed to settle the matter by paying the amount taken. His examination was set for Monday next, and in default of bail he was sent to jail. Foster is about 18 years old. He has had charges preferred against him before.

NEWS OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD.

Durand is to have a \$5,000 elevator.

Vassar township is free of debt and has over \$500 in the contingent fund.

Phoebe Fuller, Taymouth, asks a divorce from Frank Fuller in the Saginaw circuit court.

At Trinity church, Bay City, the Easter offering was \$1,500, and at the Sunday school \$275.

Phil Calkins' grocery store at Holly burned Friday morning at 6 o'clock. Loss \$10,000, insurance \$6,500. The fire was caused by the explosion of the night lamp, it is supposed.

The delivery wagon of H. H. Church, the grocer, at Bay City, was run into by a runaway rig. Mr. Church was thrown out and seriously injured. Owing to his advanced age the outcome is uncertain.

#### The Markets.

Wheat brings 64@65c, oats 33@35c, rye 45@50c, buckwheat 40@45c, clover seed \$5@7.50, beans 80c @ \$1.60, potatoes 40@45c, hay \$7@10 for loose and \$9.50@11.50 for baled, corn 40@45c shelled, 20@22c in ear.

Timothy seed, prime, \$2.50 retail. Dressed hog, 7@7.1c, veal 5@5.5c, beef 61@7.1c, dressed chickens 11@12c. Butter 22@24c, eggs 11@12c.

BUTTERFLY'S NEST CHOCOLATES & COCOAS.

NON-INDULGENT CHOCOLATES & COCOAS.

</

## THE CLIO STAR.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.

T. W. SMITHSON & CO., Publishers.

SATURDAY, JAN, 22, 1898.

### The Past Year a Happy One.

Editor "Clio Star"—Dear Sir:—It is my intention at this writing to take up much of your time in reading a long letter, but as we were given only a year, by our Michigan friends, to live in Virginia before we would want to return north, and that time will terminate next month, I wish to inform our old friends that the past year has been, to us all, perhaps the happiest one of our life time.

Herewith I send you a copy of the "Index-Appeal" containing an article written—as I am informed—by Mr. J. C. Smith, a wealthy farmer who lives about a mile from our home. I wish that all the readers of the "Star" could have been here on the occasion referred to. They would have met with about two hundred of the best people of Virginia.

Papa intends to contribute something for the "Star" readers when his first year among the Virginians has passed.

Yours Respectfully,

ALICE R. OWEN.

Dinwiddie Co., Va., Jan. 15, 1898.

The article referred to is an account of an entertainment given by Smith Grove Epworth League at the home of the Owen family on the night of Dec. 30. At noon on that date the thermometer registered a temperature of 60°, which fell to 80° at midnight. On the occasion musical and literary program was rendered, and was followed by a supper—"oysters raw and stewed, poultry in every shape and in greatest abundance, bread and pickles, cakes and custards, coffee and crackers, and last but not least, the old Virginia barbecue shoit, browned to a turn and seasoned to the ears—a dish congenial to the stomach of every Johnny Reb, and the Billy Yank has not yet been found who does not fall a victim to its persuasive powers if he lingers for a moment in sight of his odorous pigship." The writer closes the article with the declaration that there was not one present but uttered "pronouncing the entertainment a most enjoyable affair and a complete success from start to finish—and for some time to come will be referred to as that delightful night at Owen's."

### Vital Statistics—December.

The Monthly Bulletin of Vital Statistics for December gives the number of deaths in the state during the month as 2105. Pneumonia caused the greatest number, 238; consumption came next, with 204; then followed diphtheria, typhoid fever, diarrheal diseases, croup, scarlet fever, etc., in the order named.

There were 42 deaths in Genesee county during December; in Clayton 2, Davison 1, Fenton (village and township) 8, Flint township 4, Forest 8, Genesee 4, Grand Blanc 1, Montrose 1, Mt. Morris township 2, Mundy 1, Thetford 1, Vienna 2, Linden 1, Flushing village 1, Flint city 12. Of the total number 1 was a stillbirth and 9 under four years; consumption carried off 4, diphtheria 1, measles 1, and pneumonia 10.

Birch Run and Taymouth townships in Saginaw county, and Arbuta and Tuscola townships in Tuscola county, report no deaths during the month. In Saginaw county there were 78 deaths, and of these 46 occurred in the city. In Tuscola county there were 26 deaths.

With the exception of 1892 and '93 the closing month of 1897 was the coldest on record for the last ten years. The mean monthly temperature was 24.3°, four degrees lower than the normal or average December temperature.

The precipitation as a whole was nearly normal. The average amount was 2.41 inches. An average of 12.9 inches of snow fell during the month. This is just 11 inches more than fell in December, '96.

### To Be Sold For Taxes.

The following descriptions of land in the village of Clio are advertised to be sold for the taxes of 1895:—

Lots 10 and 11 block A, \$16.47.

East 20 feet of lot 7 block H, \$8.52.

Lot 9 and 36 feet off west side lot 8 block H, \$19.46.

Lots 10, 11, 12 and 13 block M, \$4.98.

Lot 14 block S, \$1.12.

Entire block T except lots 6, 7 and 8, \$9.46.

Also the following descriptions of land in village of Vienna:—

Lot 1 block 7, \$1.95.

Entire block 10, \$4.46.

On triangular piece of land bounded west by road, south by Eckles, east by block 19, 3 acres, \$2.50.

### Wanted.

10,000 cords basswood bolts 30 in. long and 6 in. and upwards in diameter, delivered at F. & P. M. railroad in Clio. Highest cash price paid. For further particulars see W. E. Woolfitt, Clio.

Mrs. Mary Bird, Harrisburg, Pa., says: "My child is worth millions to me; yet I would have lost her by croup had I not invested twenty-five cents in a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. H. F. Bodine.

### CHURCH AND SOCIETY.

Five persons joined the Garland Street M. P. church at Flint on Sunday last on profession of faith.

Owing to the holding of the revival meetings no meeting of the M. P. Ladies' Aid society was held Wednesday.

The Macabees initiated two members Tuesday night and admitted a third by card. The installation of officers will take place this (Friday) evening.

Rev. Owen J. Roberts of Buchanan has been called to the pastorate of the Flushing Presbyterian church. The former pastor, Rev. W. H. Hoffman, has accepted a call to Portland.

A lodge of the Union League, a new beneficiary society, has been organized at Fenton. Instead of the death rate assessment plan it works on the natural premium or step rate plan. The lodge starts with 31 members.

### KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD.

Officers were elected and duly installed Monday night, by Deputy Supreme Commander in Chief J. M. Torrey of Flint, as follows:

George Curtis, Captain General.

M. C. Doyle, Senior Captain.

C. F. Blackstone, Junior Captain.

J. F. Wirth, Recorder.

W. E. Woolfitt, Paymaster.

Ellis J. Burr, Senior Lieutenant.

Will Ackerman, Junior Lieutenant.

P. T. Doyle, First Sergeant.

G. Ackerman, Second Sergeant.

W. E. Woolfitt, Chaplain.

Thomas Moshier, Sentinel.

C. H. May, N. W. Mann, Wm. Gibson, Auditors.

### IN THE COURTS.

John M. Yater, tried on the charge of obtaining money and property under false pretenses from Adam Andrews of Fenton, was acquitted by the jury.

Libbie M. Pettengill, by her next friend, has petitioned for a divorce from Ernest Pettengill on the ground of non-support.

Anna Hovey has filed a bill for a divorce from William B. Hovey.

Court adjourned to Monday next.

In the Saginaw circuit court Bertha Nickodemus has filed a bill for a divorce from Peter Nickodemus, on the ground of cruelty and non-support. The parties were married two years ago and live at Birch Run.

Edgar Newman vs. Joseph Conway, replevin, before Justice Racine at Birch Run. Return day Friday, Jan. 21.

Emma J. Underhill vs. Irvine Wright, summary proceedings, before Justice Willard. Return day Friday, Jan. 21.

George Quick, Fred Quick, Wm. Alexander and Wallace Alexander pleaded guilty in Justice Swasy's court at Flint to stealing poultry from Wm. Pierson's farm. Fred Quick was given 65 days and the other three 90 days each in the Detroit house of correction. Charles E. Quick, father of the first named, was fined \$10 or go to jail for 20 days for disposing of some of the poultry. For the same offense Abijah Alexander, father of the Alexander boys, paid \$10 fine on a plea of guilty in Justice Walker's court.

### LOCAL NOTICES.

Ladies' \$2.00 fine shoes at Schofield Bros. can't be beat.

Lots of goods sold less than half price at Gibson's closing out sale.

Attend Gibson's closing out sale, you never saw such low prices.

For real merit, long wear and style, Gibson's \$2 ladies' shoes lead them all.

Do you cough? Cure it with Braut's Balsam. The sure cure. 25c of J. K. Frost.

Try a pair of those \$2.00 ladies' shoes at Schofield Bros. Their equal is not made.

Round Oak heating stove for sale cheap. Apply at store. G. W. Buckingham.

Remember Gibson's advertised prices and come at once to the great closing out sale.

Schofield Bros. have just received another lot of those \$2.00 ladies' shoes. All the latest toes and lasts, button or lace, black, tan and green.

Having bought the molding stock of R. J. Roether and added it to our stock we will sell picture frames at one-quarter off till Feb. 1, 1898, for cash. W. K. Frost.

### The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with Lm. Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into hasty consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half a dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Jno. K. Frost's drug store.

Wheat brings 80-85c, oats 20-22c, rye 40-42c, buckwheat 40c per ewt., beans 40-48c, hay \$4.65, eggs 15c, butter 18c.

Mrs. Mary Bird, Harrisburg, Pa., says:

"My child is worth millions to me; yet I would have lost her by croup had I not invested twenty-five cents in a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. H. F. Bodine.

### COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

An adjourned regular meeting of the Common Council was held Friday night. Present—Trustees Smith, Oliff, Grinnell, Conlee and St. Denis, President Giberson presiding.

The minutes were read and approved, with the exception of the action taken accepting I. M. Beaman's proposition with regard to show license.

A motion also prevailed that such action be stricken from the records, as it conflicts with a previous motion.

A motion to reconsider the motion made and carried at the meeting of Dec. 13th, relative to license, was not supported.

Hathaway & Kelsey's proposition to furnish seven 1200 candle power arc lights for street lighting, for the sum of \$50 each per year for a term of five years, was accepted.

### BRIEF MENTION.

Charles Baker has returned to Junata.

James L. Curry was at Marquette Thursday.

Mrs. Giberson is visiting Saginaw friends this week.

Mrs. James R. Nixon of Poterville is spending the week in Clio.

D. D. Howell now occupies the building vacated by R. J. Roether.

Robert Goodfellow and wife of Goodrich were Clio visitors Monday.

## Our Great Annual Ante-Inventory Clearing Sale

# January Clearing Sale.

## The Chance of your Life for Money Saving.

Our fearfully low prices ought to turn every dollar of surplus stock into cash before our inventory February 1st.

### Our Latest Cut

#### is in Rubber Footwear

Ladies' Boston Storm Slippers at 35c.  
Ladies' Bay State Storm Slippers at 25c.

As good or better bargains in  
Overshoes and other articles in  
the line.

### We Give You All We Promise

and more too. All the Special  
Prices recently made will be  
continued during this month.  
**COME EARLY** and get **THE  
BEST SELECTIONS**. Our  
sacrifice in values of every day  
Seasonable Goods has never  
been equaled in Clio.

Yours Truly,

Jno. K. Frost.

### Our Stock Complete.

Full line of the leading medicines, chemicals,  
etc., etc.

Stationery, Books and School Supplies.

New goods every day.

Candies, Perfumes and Toilet Articles.

Wild Cherry and Tolu for coughs and colds.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Private Recipes  
a specialty.

Yours Truly,

H. F. BODINE.

### There is just

as much difference between shoes as there is between human beings.

Suppose you had an affection of the eye, would you go to a chiropodist to be cured, or would you consult an eye specialist? Does it not apply with equal force to the purchase of a pair of shoes? With us Shoes are a Specialty.

### Our \$2 Ladies' Shoes

are the best shown in the world. Send back to us what are not right and get your money. We want you to give us every chance to prove the Honesty of our Shoes.

Yours Respectfully,

**SCHOFIELD BROS.**  
Clio's Shoemen.

## NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Minor Happenings of the Past Week.

### EVENTS OF LAST SEVEN DAYS.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Deadwood, S. D.—A rich body of ore has been struck in Two Bit basin, near here.

Joliet, Ill.—The directors of St. Francis' academy have purchased the Fox property in that city for a Catholic orphans' home.

Anderson, Ind.—The Union Glass Company will erect a window plate plant at Iola, Kan., and utilize the newly struck natural gas as fuel.

Burlington, Iowa—Thousands of pounds of worthless fish were seized out of the club lakes and sloughs around here, by permission of the state game warden.

Paxton, Ill.—Samuel McCracken, aged 76 years, died from a paralytic stroke.

Richmond, Va.—Ex-Congressman Benjamin S. Hooper died suddenly at Farmville.

Frankfort, Ky.—An act to prevent the marriage of first cousins has passed the house.

McKeeps, Pa.—The Yester block, a large office building in Fifth avenue, was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$150,000.

Reynolds, Ill.—Scarlet fever has been prevailing here for several weeks. Ten cases have been reported, with one death.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The new city directory gives Indianapolis a population of 194,700, a gain of 14,070 in the last year.

Washington, Ind.—Matthew Trobridge, a coal miner, was assaulted by five striking miners and kicked into insensibility.

Lebanon, Ind.—James S. Cotton, a grocer of Zionsville, has assigned. His liabilities are \$5,000 and his assets are unknown.

Crown Point, Ind.—William Keyhote, a Chicago, employed on the Pan-Handle railroad, was run over by a freight train and killed.

Niles, Mich.—While sitting in her chair, with her bible on her lap, Mrs. John Shepard—of Sturgis, fell over dead. Heart disease was the cause.

La Grange, Ind.—Mrs. McManus, mother of State Senator McManus, died from heart failure while in conversation with friends, at the age of 87.

LaPorte, Ind.—Samuel Nickles, aged 16, is dying as the result of excessive cigarette smoking. He has been addicted to the habit for several years.

Vancouver, B. C.—Mayor Templeton is dead. His death was due to apoplectic stroke. He is the third of Vancouver's mayors to die a sudden death.

Fostoria, O.—Henry Kohn, proprietor of Kohn Brothers' dry goods and clothing store, has assigned to Meyer Friend. The assets are largely in excess of the liabilities.

Osceola, Iowa—Thieves visited the feedyards of Howard Canney, a stock feeder near here, butchered and dressed thirteen hogs in their pens and hauled them off.

Lansing, Mich.—The estate of Thomas Nester has sued the Diamond Match company for \$750,000 damages for detention of logs in the Ontonagon river during the last eight years.

Louisville, Ky.—Three men were seriously and two fatally burned as the result of a boiler explosion in the Ferncliffe distillery. The fatally injured are John Kenny and Phillip Kerb.

Kewanee, Ill.—Frank Hamilton, a 16-year-old boy, placed a percussion cap under a brick and struck it with a hammer. Pieces of the cap entered his eyes and destroyed his sight permanently.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio.—Hi Sidney Wallace, the high derrick jumper, jail breaker and eight times bigamist, having pleaded guilty, was sentenced by Judge Smalley to eighteen months in the penitentiary.

The Hague—An official dispatch from Batavia says an earthquake has completely demolished Amboyna. Fifty persons were killed and 200 injured.

Berlin—It is intended to build a railway from Kiao-Chou to Pekin, connecting with the projected Russian line.

Paris—M. Berlier, a well known engineer, has submitted to Spain and Morocco a project tunneling the Straits of Gibraltar.

Madison, Wis.—Friends of Judge G. W. Burnell are urging his appointment to the Wisconsin Supreme bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Newman.

Jackson, Mich.—Mrs. Morette, aged 107 years, died at the county-house.

Cincinnati, Ohio—The Tennessee Lumber Company has made an assignment to W. M. Kemper. Assets and liabilities each \$50,000. Dull trade was the cause.

Providence, R. I.—The Steer mansion at Hyatt, Narragansett bay, was destroyed by fire. It cost \$30,000.

### CASUALTIES.

Fond du Lac, Wis.—Benny Boudry, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. David Boudry, was drowned in the Fond du Lac river. He was out skating with a party of young people, when he went into an airhole.

Rockford, Ill.—The plant of the Bartlett Milling company burned. The loss is \$20,000; the insurance \$10,300.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—Fire partially destroyed a four-story block, corner of Louis and Campau streets. The loss is \$21,000.

Dubuque, Iowa—The flour and feed store of Watters & Dennis and the paper-box factory of E. H. Dickinson were burned. The loss is \$18,000.

Wilmar, Minn.—Fire, caused by a defective chimney, totally destroyed the Northwestern Elevator company's elevator, together with about 6,000 bushels of wheat.

Wharton, Tex.—Fire destroyed G. C. Gifford's large hardware establishment, the grocery store of Frank Blizard & Co., the dwelling of Samuel Arch, and a large elevated tank. The loss is \$65,000.

Random Lake, Wis.—Marion Reardon, aged 19, employed in the house of Mrs. Devine of Cascade, nine miles from here, while engaged in boiling soap was so seriously burned that she died in a few hours.

Baltimore, Md.—Two unfinished houses in 22d street, near the York road, collapsed and eight workmen were injured. Two are expected to die.

New York—An unknown man threw himself off accidentally fell from a parapet on the Washington bridge over the Harlem river at 181st street, dropping 147 feet to the water. He was fished out and will live.

Claypool, Ind.—The little son of Andrew McLaughlin stumbled and fell and the point of a pencil penetrated his neck, and he died within a few hours.

LaPorte, Iowa—Frank Fritz, a young business man, threw himself under a train and was instantly killed.

Richmond, Ind.—James S. Starr, aged 75 years, fell into a cistern and was drowned.

Moweaqua, Ill.—The infant child of Ed Jackson was probably fatally burned while playing with matches.

Youngstown, O.—W. R. Kelly of Detroit fell from the roof of the Hotel Rider at Cambridge Springs, Pa., and was badly injured.

### FOREIGN.

Berlin—The condition of the health of Empress Augusta Victoria excites comment. She will go in the spring to some southern air cure. Her physicians still forbid her leaving her rooms.

Paris—M. Louvet was re-elected president of the senate. M. Scheurer-Kestner was defeated for re-election to the vice-presidency.

London—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Singapore says the British gunboat Swift has been hurriedly placed in commission at Hong Kong and dispatched to the island of Hainan, which, it was recently reported, had been seized by the French.

London—The Morning Post says that the Grenadier Guards, who were recently ordered to Gibraltar, have now been ordered to Egypt. The order has created surprise and indicates the importance that is attached to the Soudan campaign.

Bombay—A British surveying expedition, consisting of 150 natives, under Captain Burns, have been massacred on the coast of Beluchistan. Captain Burns alone escaped.

### CRIME.

Deadwood, S. D.—Different Star, a Sioux brave who has been confined in the Deadwood jail for about a month for horse stealing on the reservation, became despondent and hanged himself in his cell with a bed cord.

London—The correspondent of the Times at Kobe, Japan, says the Korean finances are already disorganized, and that McLeavy Brown will retain the commissionership of customs under Alexeef.

Athens—A great fire at Trithala has done damage to the amount of £50,000.

Francisville, Ind.—William Dall, a prosperous farmer, and a strong believer in spiritualism, committed suicide by hanging.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Four men threw a brick through a show window of A. Stechel's store, at 3d and Center streets, and stole four gold watches. The theft was committed in the presence of a number of people, but the thieves escaped.

Paris—M. Berlier, a well known engineer, has submitted to Spain and Morocco a project tunneling the Straits of Gibraltar.

Madison, Wis.—Friends of Judge G. W. Burnell are urging his appointment to the Wisconsin Supreme bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Newman.

Jackson, Mich.—Mrs. Morette, aged 107 years, died at the county-house.

Cincinnati, Ohio—The Tennessee Lumber Company has made an assignment to W. M. Kemper. Assets and liabilities each \$50,000. Dull trade was the cause.

Providence, R. I.—The Steer mansion at Hyatt, Narragansett bay, was destroyed by fire. It cost \$30,000.

## CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

### Condensed Report of the Doings in Senate and House.

### AGRICULTURAL BILL PASSED.

Little Debate Over the Measure—Senator Hoar Offered an Important Amendment to the Constitution—To Change Inauguration Day.

Thursday, Jan. 13.

In the house consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill was completed in committee of the whole, and then the house adjourned. During the debate some very caustic criticism of the proceedings in the senatorial election in Ohio from Mr. De Armond (Democrat, Mo.) called forth a warm defense of Senator Hanna from Mr. Mahany (Republican, N. Y.), who eulogized the Ohio senator as the man who had overthrown the bosses of the Republicans in 1896.

Among the measures reported in the senate was the pension appropriation bill. It was placed on the calendar. The immigration bill, the unfinished business, was then taken up, and Mr. Caffery made a strong speech in opposition to the measure.

Friday, Jan. 14.

The agricultural bill was passed in the house. Most of the day was consumed in a filibuster by the bill to pay the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church South at Nashville, Tenn., \$288,000 for the seizure and use of the property of that corporation during the war.

In the senate Mr. Hoar offered a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution extending the term of office of the President and senators to April 30, 1901, at noon, and making that day instead of March 4 the commencement and termination of official terms in future. It was referred to the committee on privileges and elections. Nineteen private pension bills were passed.

Monday, Jan. 17.

In the house the session was chiefly devoted to consideration of the army appropriation bill. Mr. McClellan of New York, a son of Gen. George B. McClellan, asserted that we were woefully unprepared for war should a crisis come. Mr. Lewis of Washington made a speech in denunciation of trusts, which, he declared, were threatening the liberties of the country.

In the senate Senator Wolcott delivered a speech explaining the work of the bimetallic commission. By a vote of 45 to 28 the immigration bill was

passed. The rest of the day was devoted to consideration of bills on the calendar.

### IOWA LEGISLATURE.

#### Measures of Importance Introduced at Des Moines.

Senator Wilson introduced a joint resolution Jan. 14 to have public school books printed and bound at the state penitentiaries. Representative Cook introduced the old Temple amendment. Representative Whelan presented a bill to submit a constitutional amendment to a vote of the people for the redistricting of the state so as to give every county a member of the House of Representatives, the total number not to exceed 115.

Bills were introduced Jan. 17 providing that the Iowa courts shall have jurisdiction to the middle of the Missouri river; to give all agricultural societies which held fairs during 1897 the \$200 state bonus authorized by the code of 1873, but amended in the new code, and providing for honest primaries. It is proposed to punish frauds in the primaries by fines not to exceed \$500 and two or more than six months in the county jail.

### FOR A JOINT MANIFESTO.

#### Silver Men Arrange to Combine for United Action.

Chairman Jones of the Democratic national committee, Chairman Butler of the Populist national committee and Chairman Towne of the silver Republican national committee will issue a joint manifesto in the early part of next week with a view to securing common action by the three organizations in the political contest of 1896.

Governor of Iowa Inaugurated.

L. M. Shaw took the oath of office as governor of Iowa Jan. 13. His inaugural speech was devoted mainly to the necessity for currency reform. He said the country was committed to the gold standard by the result of the last presidential election, but many reforms were necessary. The governor urged all citizens of Iowa to assist him in promoting the welfare of the state.

Will Take a Referendum Vote.

The Populists will take a referendum vote of the rank and file of their party as to the date of holding a national convention for the nomination of presidential candidates—Monday, July 4, 1896; Friday, May 26, 1896, or Thursday, Feb. 22, 1900.

Free Coinage Bill Introduced.

Representative Bland of Missouri introduced a free coinage bill in the house. It makes gold and silver the standard and declares all rules discriminating against the legal tender of such coinage unlawful.

Proposed currency, transformed by the owner into exchange payable in Boston.

## HARD FIGHT IS LOOKED FOR.

### Coal Miners and Owners Line Up for Battle.

### FIRST DAY OF CONFERENCE.

Problem of a Scale Is Greeted with a Wide Difference of Opinion—Miners Are Determined to Insist on an Increase in Wages.

Anti-conference declarations on the part of representatives of the mine operatives and some of the miners at the first day's conference at Chicago, Jan. 17, indicate that there is a wide difference of opinion, and that there will be a stubborn fight before a new interstate agreement is made. There is no question about the feeling among the men. They are sold for an increase in wages, and an increase based on a 75-cent rate in the Pittsburg district.

### ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

#### Condensed Report of Proceedings of Senate and House.

The session of the senate Jan. 13 lasted but five minutes. The only business that came before that body was Senator Crawford's primary election bill. Consideration of an amendment offered was postponed until next Tuesday.

In the house Mr. McEniry moved to reconsider the vote by which his gas and electric light tax bill failed to pass. He then moved that the further consideration be postponed until next Wednesday. This motion prevailed.

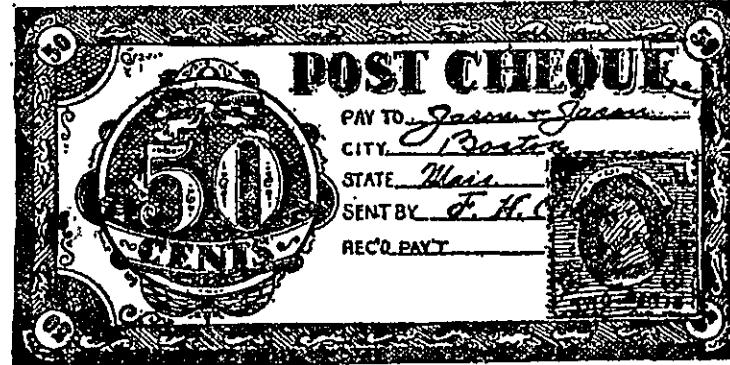
The house and senate merely went through the motion of holding sessions Jan. 14. No quorum was present in either house.

No business was done in either house Jan. 17 and adjournment was taken to 10 o'clock next morning.

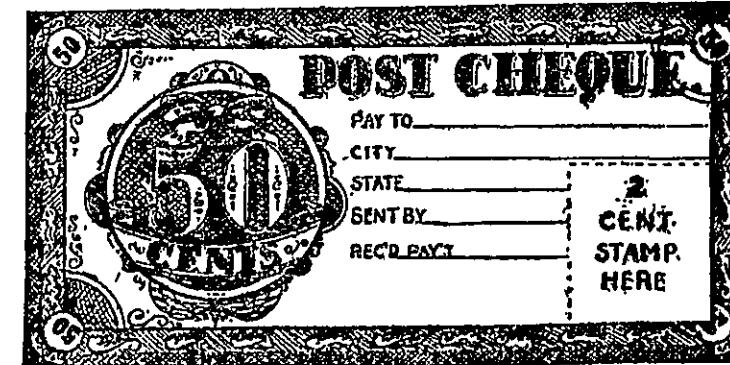
To Investigate in Mexico.

The Michigan Republican Newspaper Publishers' Association will send a representative to Mexico to investigate the results of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

### PROPOSED NATIONAL PAPER CURRENCY.



Proposed currency, transformed by the owner into exchange payable in Boston.



Proposed currency, to remain blank while in general circulation.

Battle Creek, Mich., special: C. W. Post of this city has submitted to Secretary of the Treasury Gage a plan for fractional currency which he says will greatly aid business men in making remittances for small amounts.

He proposes that the government issue paper currency in the denominations of 5, 10, 25 and 50 cents, \$1, 2 and \$5. The face of these notes will have blank spaces for name and address, and also a space for a two-cent stamp. When it is desired to make a small remittance, the sender writes in the name and address, attaches a two-cent stamp to the note, and sends it on.

### BIG STRIKE COMMENCED.

#### New England Cotton Operatives Resist Wage Reduction.

The crisis in the textile situation in New England has been reached. Monday there was inaugurated at New Bedford, Biddeford and Waterville what promises to be the greatest strike in the history of the cotton-cloth industry.



## THE CLIO STAR.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.

T. W. SMITHSON & CO., Publishers.

SATURDAY, JAN. 22, 1898.

### LABOR STATISTICS.

Commissioner of Labor J. L. Cox has sent out an advance proof giving result of state canvass to ascertain the average wage and other interesting statistics. Thirty-nine cities were visited and 11,065 persons canvassed, representing 51 trades and branches of labor. Of these 7275 are married, 3635 single, 150 widowers, and 5 did not answer. The following table, compiled from the report, shows the average day's wages received, the average number of months employed in the year, and the average years worked at the trade.

Trade.	Days' Wages.	Months Employed.	Trade.
Laborers.....	\$1.25.....	8.....	14
Moulder.....	2.10.....	8.....	12
Cabinet Makers.....	1.40.....	9.....	10
Machine Hands.....	1.35.....	9.....	12
Cigar Makers.....	1.66.....	9.....	16
Carpenters.....	1.72.....	9.....	16
Machinists.....	2.02.....	10.....	13
Compositors.....	2.28.....	10.....	16
Saw Filers.....	1.95.....	8.....	11
Sawyers.....	1.95.....	8.....	11
Teamsters.....	1.63.....	11.....	10
Shoemakers.....	1.81.....	7.....	18
Painters.....	1.62.....	9.....	12
Mill Hands.....	1.85.....	8.....	10
Blacksmiths.....	1.88.....	10.....	19
Engineers, sta. 1.....	1.97.....	11.....	14
Stove Makers.....	2.12.....	8.....	12
Tanners.....	1.42.....	11.....	9
Barbers.....	1.67.....	11.....	12
Goods Packers.....	1.37.....	9.....	7
Bakers.....	2.04.....	11.....	16
Firemen, sta'y.....	1.58.....	10.....	9
Carriage Workers.....	1.71.....	8.....	18
Pattern Makers.....	2.22.....	10.....	14
Bookbinders.....	1.65.....	11.....	12
Machine Printers.....	2.70.....	11.....	4
Boiler Makers.....	2.13.....	9.....	11
Masons.....	2.71.....	6.....	15
Bicycle Makers.....	1.65.....	9.....	6
Coopers.....	1.86.....	8.....	22
Tinners.....	1.79.....	10.....	14
Glass Workers.....	1.42.....	9.....	7
Plumbers.....	1.98.....	10.....	8
Tailors.....	1.85.....	9.....	19
Paper Makers.....	1.37.....	11.....	9
Stone Cutters.....	2.80.....	8.....	16
Laundry Workers.....	94.....	11.....	3
Millwrights.....	2.25.....	10.....	19
Millers.....	1.69.....	11.....	15
Electricians.....	2.04.....	11.....	8
Harness Makers.....	1.50.....	11.....	19
Wood Turners.....	1.90.....	8.....	11
Wood Carvers.....	1.90.....	8.....	11

### OBITUARY.

Stewart Curle, a resident of Flushing, died on the 17th day of January, 1898, after a lingering illness contracted in the service of his country, after being confined to his bed for over two years. He has gone to answer to the last roll call on the other shore. His trust was in his Savior and he has gone to receive his reward. Deceased leaves to mourn his loss, a wife, one brother and one sister and three grand children. His three children have preceded him on the other shore and he has gone to meet them there.

Stewart Curle was a son of William S. and Phoebe A. (Gray) Curle. He was born in Independence, Oakland county, Mich., April 28th, 1840. August 28, 1862, while following his trade as a carpenter, he responded to his country's call for help and enlisted at the age of 22 years at Flint, Mich., as a private in Co. K, 5th Mich. Vol. Cavalry, Custer's Brigade, Kilpatrick's Division. He was confined in Camp Davis (above Alexandria) hospital, Emery, D. C., from July to November, 1863, on account of sickness and was honorably discharged Nov. 6th, 1863. He took active part with his regiment in 14 battles, having his horse shot from under him at the battle of Monterey. Comrade Curle was married in Clio on April 27, 1861, to Amanda M. Benjamin, who was born at that place Oct. 23, 1843. Her parents, both of whom are now deceased, were Hiram and Mercy (Porter) Benjamin. They have had three children: Hattie R., Eva J. and Ada F. Comrade Curle was a member of Ransom Post No. 89 and was its first commander. He received a pension. His services were conducted by Ransom Post. \*\*

### His Prayer Answered.

A certain deacon that I know considers rigid discipline essential to the well-being of his family, says a resident of Pontiac in the Post. He has a little boy, named Johnny, who is the personification of mischief. Having got into an exceptionally bad scrape, his father informed him that he should whip him, and as he prepared to commence operations, Johnny said, "Papa, mayn't I go into the bedroom a minute?" His father told him he could, then tiptoeing to the door, the deacon saw the little fellow kneel and begin to pray.

CURLE.—At Flushing on Sunday night, Stewart Curle, aged 57 years. Deceased was born in Oakland county, was married in 1861, and served in the Fifth Michigan Cavalry during the war. He was a pensioner and drew \$72 a month for great disability. For months back he had been confined to the house with rheumatism, his last public appearance being at the fall election when he was carried to the polls. He leaves a wife and three grand children. Three children have preceded him to the final home. He was a brother-in-law of David S. Anderson and an uncle of Mrs. Chris Shaw of Clio.

FLETCHER.—At Condon, Oregon, on Dec. 31, 1897, Thomas D. Fletcher, aged 70 years.

Mr. Fletcher came to Michigan the year the war closed, and bought a farm and settled in the town of Thetford, where he is well known and respected. He lived there till about twelve years ago, when he sold out and went to Dakota with his family. After four years residence there they returned to Michigan, living in Montrose one year, then they moved to Oyosso and lived two years, then moved to Walla Walla, Wash., where they stayed a few years and moved to Condon, Ore., at which place he died. He leaves an aged wife, the mother of twelve children, of whom eleven are still living—six sons and five daughters, one of the latter being Mrs. T. J. Snack of Clio.

RICE.—At the farm residence just south of Clio, on Tuesday morning at 5:45 o'clock, Mrs. Rufus R. Rice, aged 82 years 9 months and 27 days. Mrs. Rice, whose maiden name was Eliza Reddington, was born at Prescott, Canada. Her mother was a cousin of the late A. T. Stewart, merchant prince of New York city. Mrs. Rice was married in the town of Parish, Oswego county, N. Y., May 20, 1855. In October, '68, she came with her husband and family to Saginaw, settling on a farm in Blumfield township. Two years later the family removed to Tuscola township, where they resided for twenty-two years. Six years ago they removed to Flint and a year later came to Clio, settling on the farm at present occupied. Thirteen years ago deceased was taken with lung difficulty and later rheumatism set in, and for two years she has not been able to walk without crutches. Besides her husband she leaves three children—Mrs. Adelbert Johnson and William J. Rice, both of Burton, and Miss Clara, who lives at home; and a grand daughter, who is in her 12th year and has made her home with her grandparents since she was nine months old, when her mother died. Two sisters and three brothers also survive her. The funeral was held Thursday afternoon, services at the house by Rev. L. W. Westphal, and interment in Woodlawn cemetery.

### DEATHS.

LEWIS.—At Davison Sunday night of consumption, Mrs. Elwood Lewis, aged 28 years. She leaves a husband and two children.

DARLING.—On Sunday night in Grand Blanc township, Mrs. Ada W. Darling, widow, aged 72 years. She leaves two children.

MALLETT.—In Montrose, a mile south of Navan postoffice, on Thursday, Louis Mallett,

after a prolonged illness, aged 70 years. His parents, both of whom are now deceased, were Hiram and Mercy (Porter) Benjamin. They have had three children: Hattie R., Eva J. and Ada F. Comrade Curle was a member of Ransom Post No. 89 and was its first commander. He received a pension. His services were conducted by Ransom Post. \*\*

YOUNGS.—At Flint Saturday morning, of heart failure, John S. Youngs, in his 70th year. He was a native of York state and came to Flint twenty-one years ago. His wife survives him.

HUDENBERG.—In Detroit on Friday, at the home of his daughter, Freda Hudenber, a resident of Flint in the sixties, aged 83 years. His remains were brought to Flint for interment. He also leaves a son, Charles Hudenber of Flint.

CURLE.—At Flushing on Sunday night, Stewart Curle, aged 57 years. Deceased was born in Oakland county, was married in 1861, and served in the Fifth Michigan Cavalry during the war. He was a pensioner and drew \$72 a month for great disability. For months back he had been confined to the house with rheumatism, his last public appearance being at the fall election when he was carried to the polls. He leaves a wife and three grand children. Three children have preceded him to the final home. He was a brother-in-law of David S. Anderson and an uncle of Mrs. Chris Shaw of Clio.

FLETCHER.—At Condon, Oregon, on Dec.

### BIRTHS.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Franklin, on Sunday, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bomby, Vienna, Jan. 21st, a son.

### LICENSED TO MARRY.

Clark Sutton, Flint, and Lily Onkes, L'Anse.

Otis Teerpenning, Ithaca, and Iza Powers, Thetford.

William Thomas, Flint, and Amelia Lusk, Jackson.

John R. Ford, Birch Run, and Jennie Davison, Otisville.

Burke D. Miller and Gertrude L. Hibbard, Birchfield.

Frederick H. Benson and Florence Hackney, Mt. Morris.

Edwin E. Sheldon, Mundy, and Lottie Howland, Flint.

William E. Sackrider, Columbiaville, and Anna Troop, Mt. Morris.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles H. Berger,  
Geo. W. Buckingham,  
Schofield Bros.,  
Wm. McGregor Jr.,  
M. C. Cott, Wanted,  
D. H. Howell,  
State Road Cheese Factory,  
Sheriff's Sale.

### WANTED.

A COLT.—If you have a young mare colt that will weigh from 1050 to 1100 lbs. when five years old, or if you have one four or five years old, that will weight about much, and want to sell it cheap for cash, address

X BOX, Flint, Mich.

### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Farm of 100 acres, 80 improved; 14 miles from Burt. Small payment down and balance to suit purchaser. Also for sale 100 acres on section 33 Birch Run. Apply to B. R. agent, Burt, or Chas. Shaw, Clio.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the State Road Cheese Factory will be held at the factory on Tuesday, Feb. 1st, 1898, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the election of officers, and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

O. M. FIELD, Secretary.

TO my Friends and Customers—You will find me in the building recently occupied by Roether, and prepared to show goods and repair your shoes. Furniture repairing also neatly done. Call and see me. Yours respectfully,

D. D. HOWELL.

ON SALE PROPOSALS.

ON SALE proposals will be received by W. J. Scheid, clerk of the village of Clio, Genesee and state of Michigan, until the 24th day of January, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the construction of a plank sidewalk on the west side of Center street, commencing at the south corner of Andrew Lund's lot running south on the line of the road to north corner of Mrs. May's lot, according to plans and specifications now on file in village clerk's office.

Bond of \$25 to accompany each bid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated at Clio this 12th day of January, 1898.

HIRAM CONLETT,

E. D. SMITH,

H. ST. DENNIS,

Street Committee.

SHOE REPAIRING.—I have put in my shop a Perfecto shoe repairing machine, the only one in the county, and can now do all kinds of fine repairing on the finest shoes.

Am also prepared to fill orders for hand made shoes, as cheap as the same can be made anywhere.

All work warranted and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call.

JOSEPH SEDLOW, Clio.

WANTED—Basswood Bolts and Elm Logs at Wm. Tinker's Pine Run. Call and see us and we will tell you how to cut them.

ALL kinds of Sewing Machine Needles, Oil and Repairs.

W. K. FROST.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

A. D. RUNDLET,  
A. FIRE AND INSURANCE AGENT.  
Represents Old Line companies and the  
Preferred Farmers' Mutual company of Holly.  
Farm Risks a specialty.  
Office at residence on Railway street.

E. J. Burr,  
B. R. AND RICHARDS,  
Real Estate,  
Law and Collections. Money to Loan.  
Office in Willis Block, Clio.

W. A. Richards,  
Fire Insurance.

C. LIO BANK  
of Jas. L. Curry & Co.  
Money loaned, Drafts bought and sold.  
Interest paid on deposits.  
A share of the public patronage very  
respectfully solicited.

JAS. L. CURRY & CO.

PENSIONERS,  
Remember to execute vouchers for 10 cents.  
All business in Notary's office promoted and attended to.

L. B. WIELAND,  
Notary Public, Clio.

D. B. F. MILLER,  
DENTIST,  
Office over 511 Saginaw street, Flint.

C. H. MAY,  
I. S. MAY.

J. H. ASH, H. MAY & CO., BANKERS,  
O. M. Mich., Established 1885.  
Bill of Exchange drawn on Great Britain,  
Ireland and the continent.  
Interest allowed on time deposits.  
Special attention to Children who may wish  
to open a savings account.

O. M. FIELD, Secretary.

TO my Friends and Customers—You will find me in the building recently occupied by Roether, and prepared to show goods and repair your shoes. Furniture repairing also neatly done. Call and see me. Yours respectfully,

D. D. HOWELL.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

O. LIO LOYAL TRUE BLUE Lodge No. 117  
meets in the Macomb hill every second  
and fourth Monday evening of each month.

E. A. WOOLFITT, W. M.

O. D. STEVENS, Secretary.